

## Lesson 20: What Caused the Rise of Political Parties?

### What did James Madison say about factions?

1. James \_\_\_\_\_ argued (Federalist 10) that one of the Constitution's major advantages was that it organized the government in such a way that "\_\_\_\_\_" would be controlled.
2. The size and \_\_\_\_\_ of the nation, as well as the complexity of the government, would limit the ability of any single \_\_\_\_\_ to form a majority.
3. In spite of Madison's intent and these safeguards, \_\_\_\_\_ in the form of political parties did develop and are now an accepted part of the American political system.

### What conflicting ideas led to the development of political parties?

President **George** \_\_\_\_\_  
Secretary of \_\_\_\_\_ **Thomas** \_\_\_\_\_ Secretary of Treasury **Alexander** \_\_\_\_\_  
(Jeffersonian-Republicans) (Federalists)

- Jeffersonians believed in a federal government strictly limited to its enumerated powers. (\_\_\_\_\_ **Interpretation of Powers**)
- Federalists argued that the Constitution had created a government designed to take on national problems. (\_\_\_\_\_ **Interpretation of Powers**)

### Why was Jefferson concerned about the interpretation of the Constitution?

**Article** \_\_, **Section** \_\_ Enumerated Powers of Congress (seems to limit power to these responsibilities)

Includes two clauses which seem very general:

1. General Welfare (Clause \_\_)
2. \_\_\_\_\_ & Proper (Clause 18)

**Inherent Powers**- Powers delegated to the national government because it is the government of a \_\_\_\_\_ state within the world community.

**Implied Powers**-

### What conflicts arose between the Federalists and the Republicans?

#### **Main Issue: Establishment of the Bank of the United States**

\_\_\_\_\_ said that the creation of the Bank was a "necessary and proper" method of carrying out the responsibilities given to Congress by the Constitution, such as collecting taxes and regulating trade.

\_\_\_\_\_ replied that the "necessary and proper" clause should be interpreted as if it read "absolutely and indispensably necessary." This interpretation

would have severely limited the power of Congress. The creation of the Bank would not have passed this restrictive test.

President \_\_\_\_\_ accepted \_\_\_\_\_'s position. He signed the legislation establishing the Bank of the United States. Thus a large step was taken toward increasing the power of the federal government.

### **Why did the Federalists and Republicans take opposing views on the war between Great Britain and France (1793)?**

\_\_\_\_\_ wanted the U.S. to help Britain (more trade with Britain & radicalism of the French Revolution of 1789), while the Republicans wanted the U.S. to help the \_\_\_\_\_ (helped America win the Am. Revolution & supported the revolution against the French monarchy).

George Washington established a policy of neutrality and isolation involving foreign entanglements by not taking sides and keeping America out of the war.

### **What were the Alien and Sedition Acts?**

Election of 1796 \_\_\_\_\_, a Federalist, became president but Thomas \_\_\_\_\_, a Republican, was elected vice president. This increased the conflict between the parties.

The Federalists were able to get laws passed called the Alien and Sedition Acts. These laws gave the \_\_\_\_\_ the power to force foreigners to leave the country if he considered them dangerous. They also made it a crime for editors, writers, or speakers to attack the government (intent was to keep the Republicans from criticizing the Federalist) Madison joined with Jefferson to write the “\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ Resolutions” which claimed that the states had a right to decide if the federal government had exceeded its powers. These resolutions claimed the \_\_\_\_\_ legislatures had the power to declare laws made by the \_\_\_\_\_ null and void. The resolutions were not accepted by other states.

### **What was the “revolution of 1800”?**

The presidential election of 1800 was the first to feature candidates for president and vice president openly supported by political parties. The \_\_\_\_\_ supported \_\_\_\_\_, while the Republicans supported \_\_\_\_\_.

On March 4<sup>th</sup>, 1801 the Federalists turned over control of the federal government to the Republicans. For the first time in modern history, control of a government was given to new leaders as the result of a “democratic revolution” rather than by \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ or violent \_\_\_\_\_.

### **What part do political parties in today’s political system?**

1. Organize support for candidates for public office
2. Way to persuade more people to \_\_\_\_\_
3. By joining a party people show support for party policies.
4. Serve as outlet for popular passions and forums for deliberating public policies.
5. A way for demanding a change of government, not a change of constitutions.